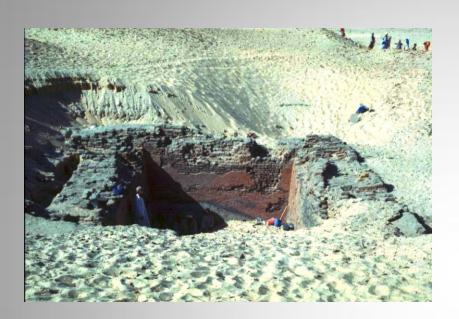
Royal Substructures in the Old Kingdom

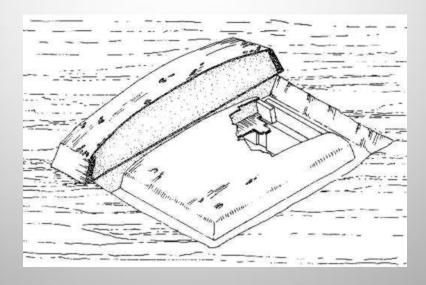
Simple pits changed to complex tunneling before the traditional substructure

FIRST PART: FROM AHA TO KHUFU(MENES TO CHEOPS)

SUBSTRUCTURES O THE FIRST DYNASTY, AHA AND DEN BURRIAL CHAMBERS

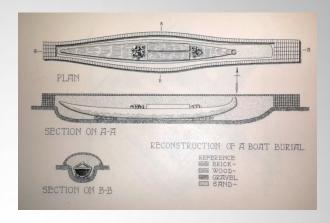






BOAT PITS FROM AHA TO KHASEKHEMWY









AFTER KHASEKHEMWY NO BOAT PITS HAVE BEEN DISCOVERED UNTLL KHUFU, ONLY AN OAR (OF A MODEL BOAT) AT SEILA

MANY EXPLORERS; BEFORE AND; AFTER







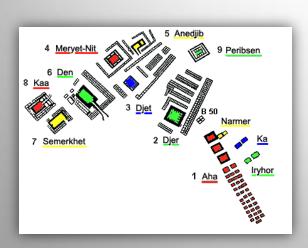
W. KAISER

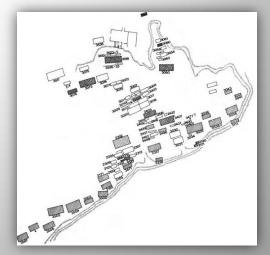


G. DREYER

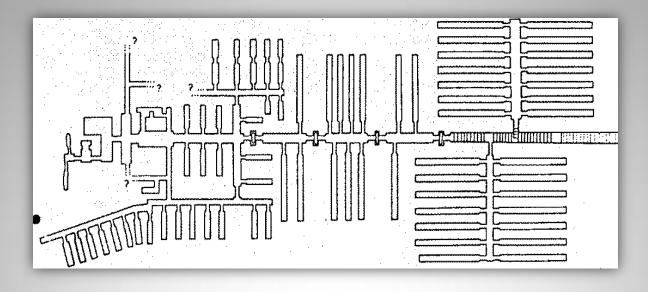


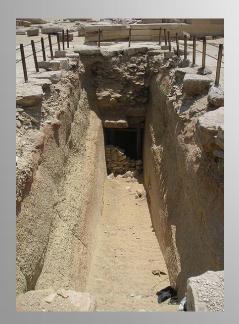
W. B. EMERY





SUBSTRUCTURES OF THE SECOND DYNASTY; HETEPSEKHEMWY, CROPPED BY THE DRY MOAT





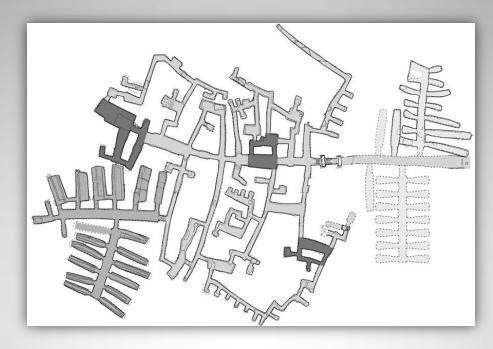




SUBSTRUCTURES OF THE SECOND DYNASTY; NYNETJER



SELIM HASSAN





CLAUDIA LACHER

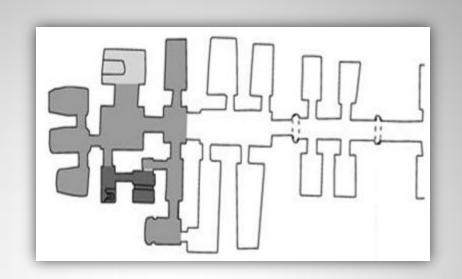




SUBSTRUCTURES OF THE SECOND DYNASTY; DATING TO NYNETJER AND KHASEKHEMWY

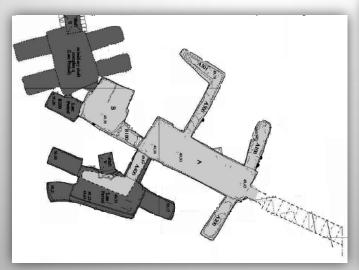


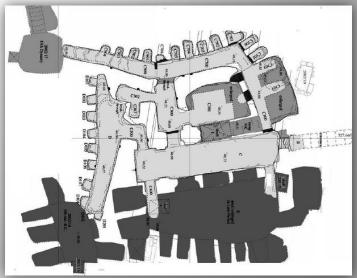
J. E. QUIBELL





ILONA REGULSKI





TUNNELS OF IMHOTEP





C. M. FIRTH

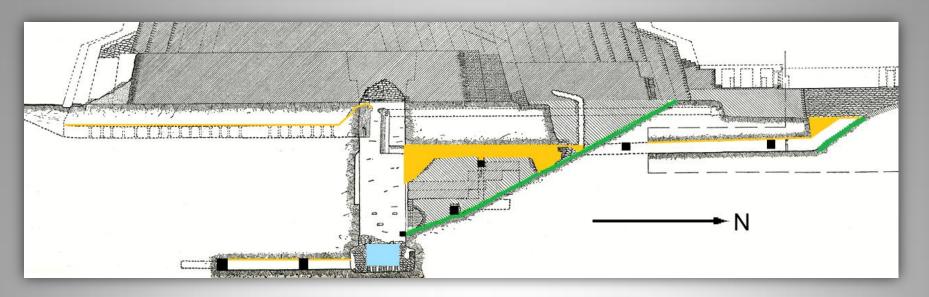


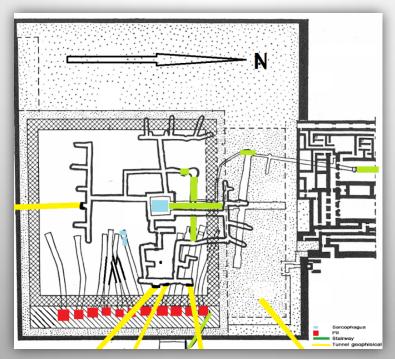
J. E. QUIBELL



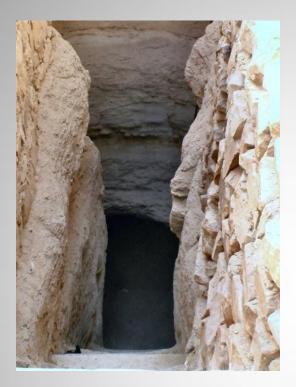
J. PH. LAUER

SECTION AND PLAN OF THE STEP PYRAMID





2 ENTRANCES AND CHAMBERS OF THE STEP PYRAMID

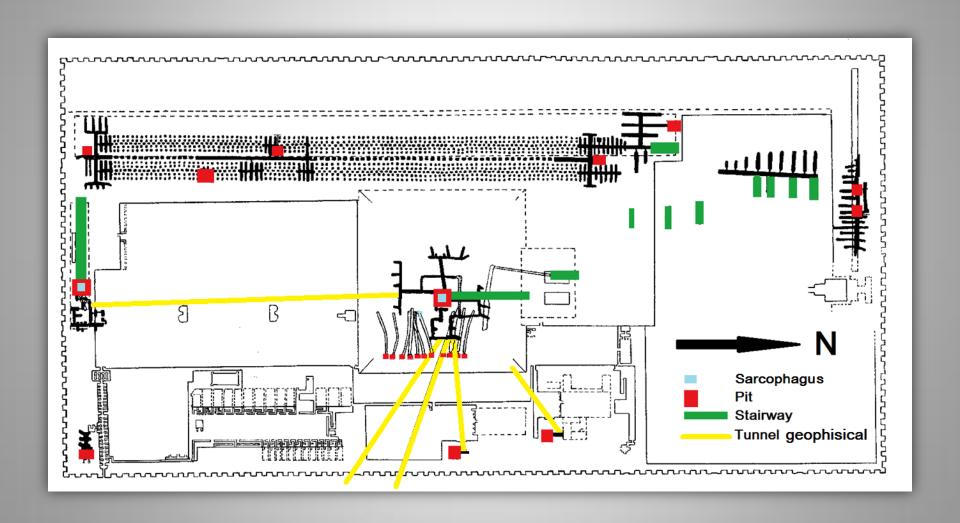








SUBSTRUCTURES WITHIN THE TEMENOS WALL



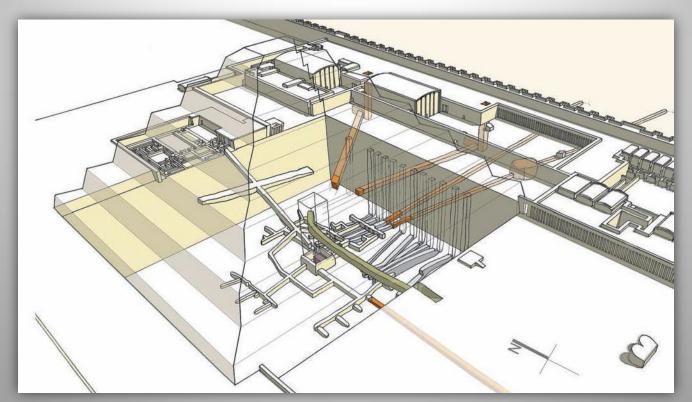
MODERN EXPRESSIONS



BRUNO DESLANDES

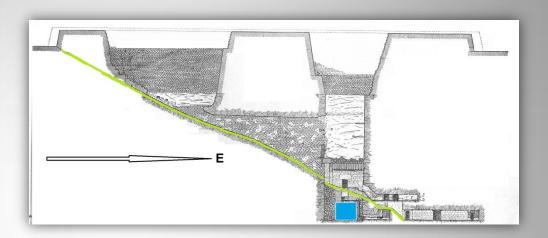


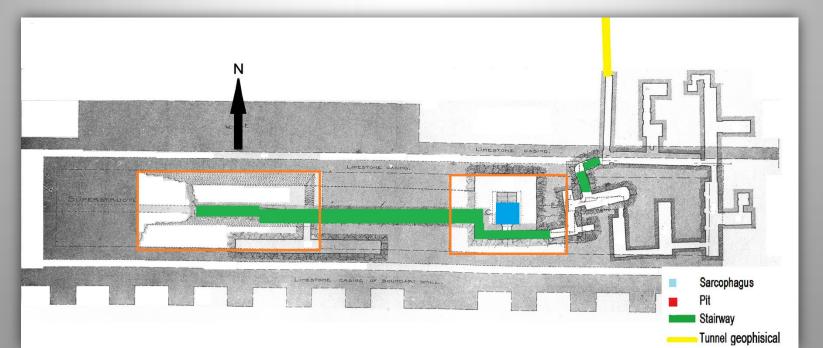
FRANK MONNIER



THE SOTH TOMB OF THE COMPLEX OF NETJERYKHET







SCHOLARS WHO BROUGHT THE DRY MOAT TO OUR KNOWLEDGE



SELIM HASSAN



AHMED MOUSSA



ZAKI SAAD



KAROL MYOELIWIEC



ZAKI ISKANDER

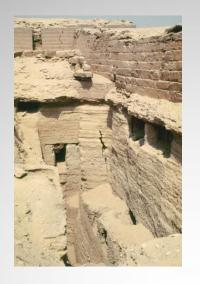


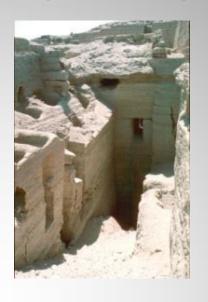
TOMASZ HERBICH

THE OUTER, INNER, WEST, AND SE CORNER OF THE DRY MOAT



COMPARTMENTS OF THE INNER SOUTH CHANNEL OF THE DRY MOAT

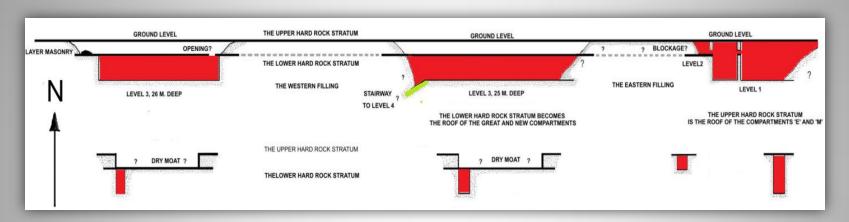


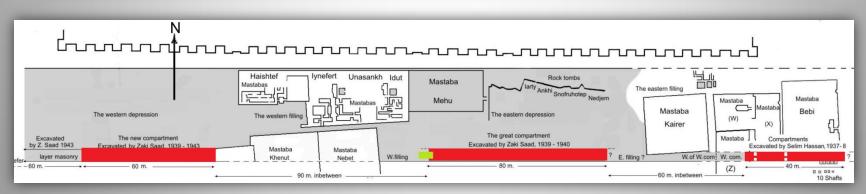






SECTION AND PLAN OF THE INNER SOUTH CHANNEL OF THE DRY MOAT





BET KHALLAF



ΚI



J Garstang (1876 - 1956)

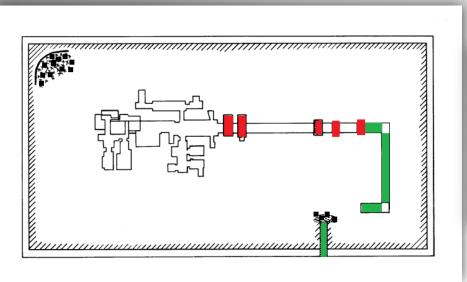


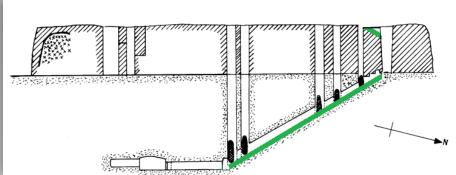
ILARIA INCORDINO



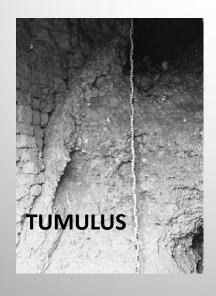
K2

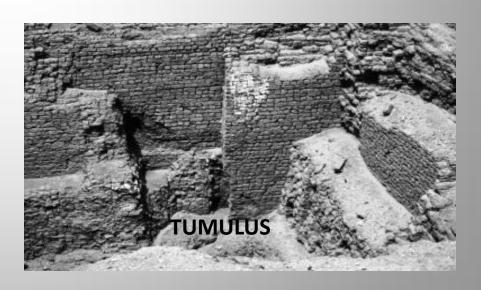
MASTABA K1 AT BET KHALLAF





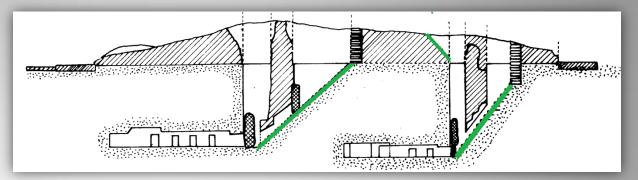


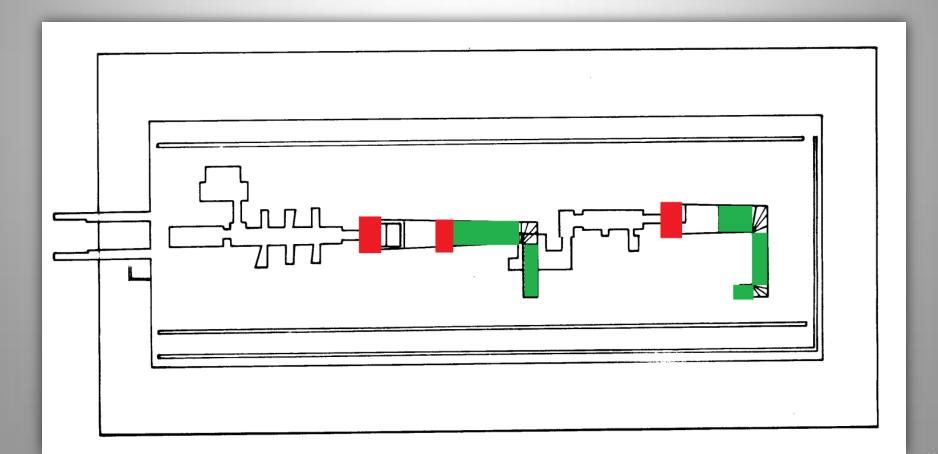




MASTABA K2 AT BET KHALLAF







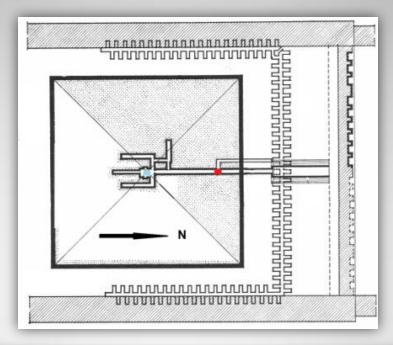
SEKHEMKHET

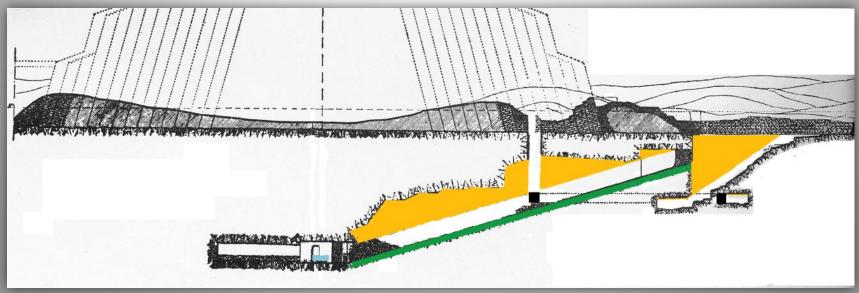


ZAKARIYA GONEIM



PLAN AND SECTION OF THE PYRAMID OF SEKHEMKHET

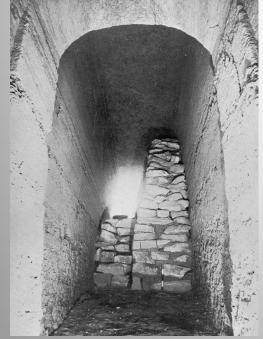




TUNNELLING BELOW SEKHEMKHET

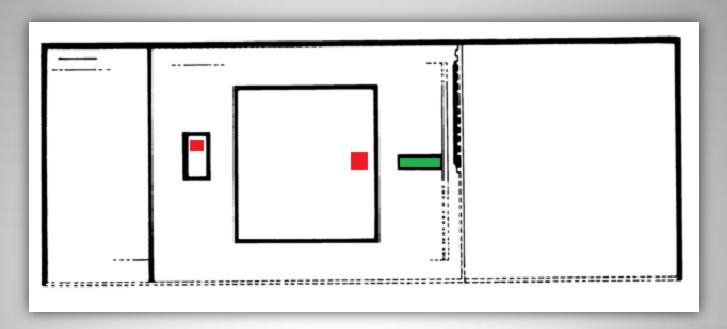


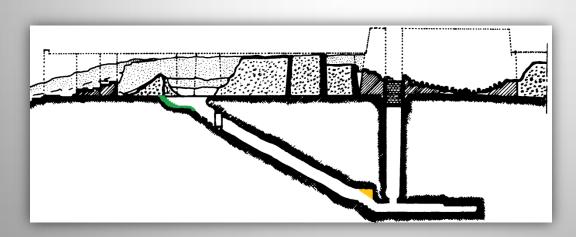


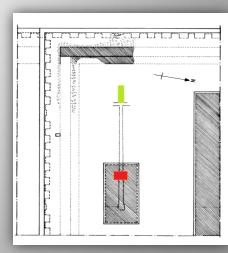




THE SOUTH TOMB OF SEKHEMKHET





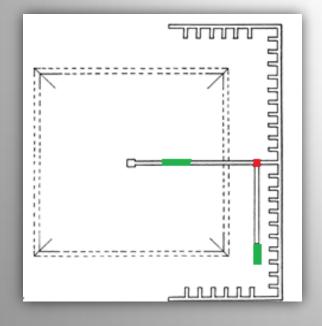


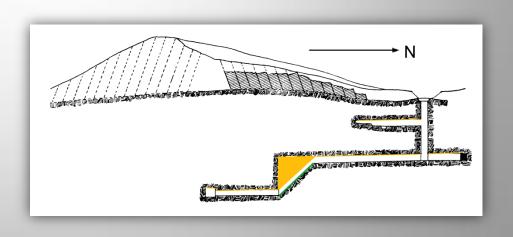
THE LAYER PYRAMID OF KHABA? AT ZAWYET EL ARYAN SOUTH











THE BRICK PYRAMID LEPSIUS 1 NEFERKA? OR HUNI?

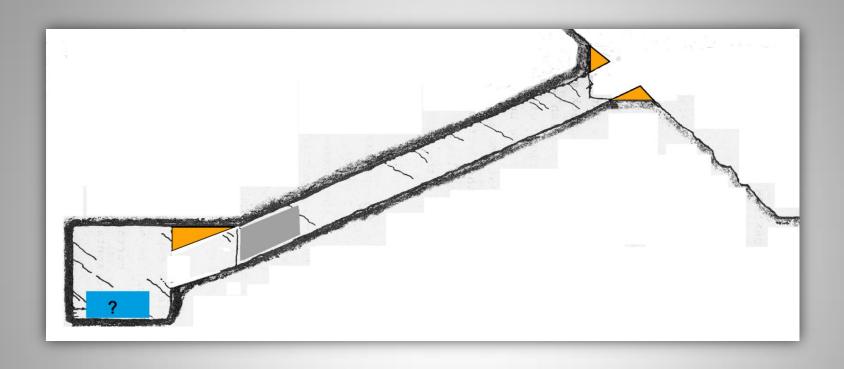


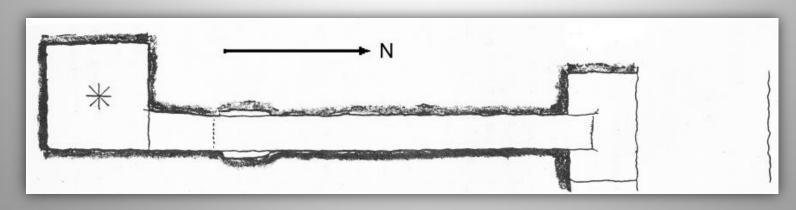




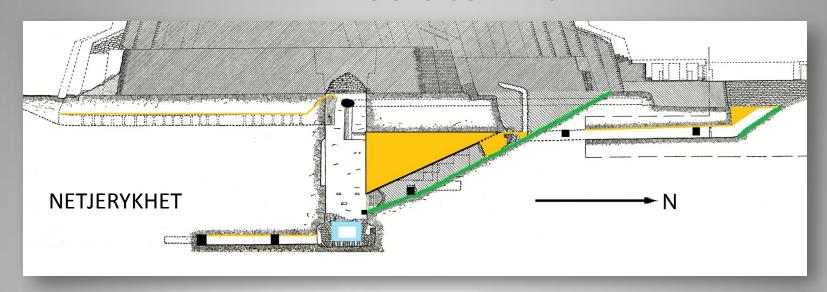


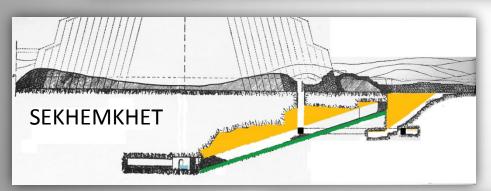
PLAN AND SECTION OF THE BRICK PYRAMID AT ABU RAWASH

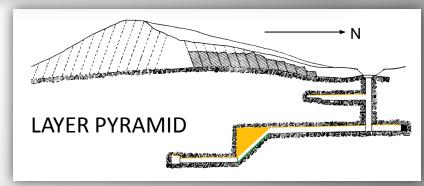


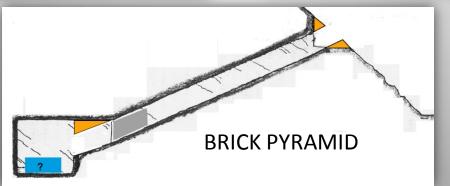


WHERE ROOFS COLLAPSED



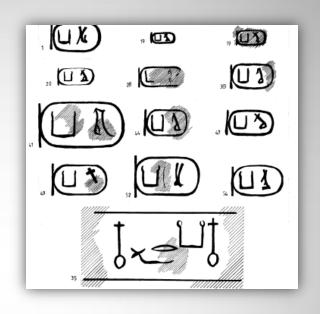




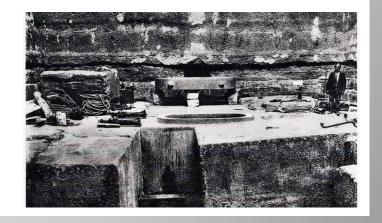


THE UNFINISHED PYRAMID OF NEBKARA? AT ZAWYET EL ARYAN NORTH

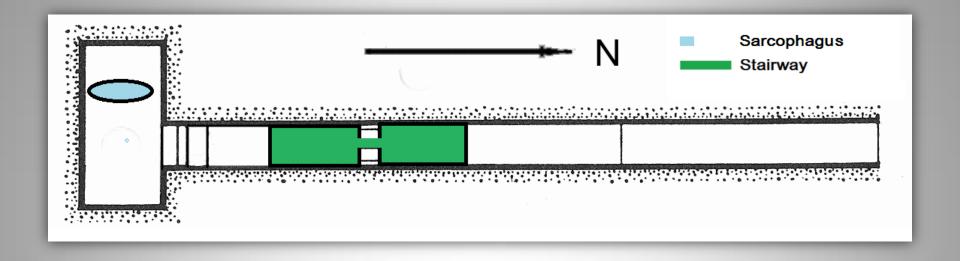


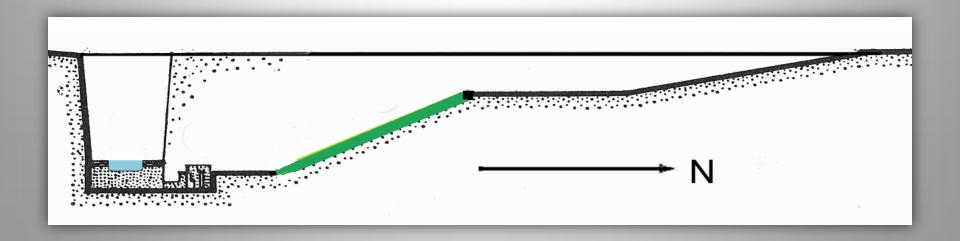






PLAN AND SECTION OF THE UNFINISHED PYRAMID OF NEBKARA?





DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GREAT PITS OF NEBKARA? AND DJEDEFRA





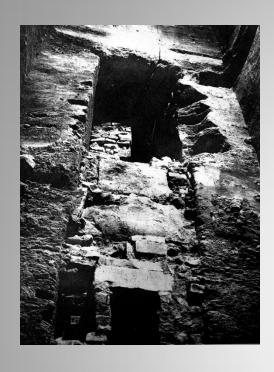
RAMP, PLATFORM, STAIRWAY, AND SHAFT FILLED THIRD DYNASTY STYLE GRANITE AND PRIMATIVE SARCOPHAGUS

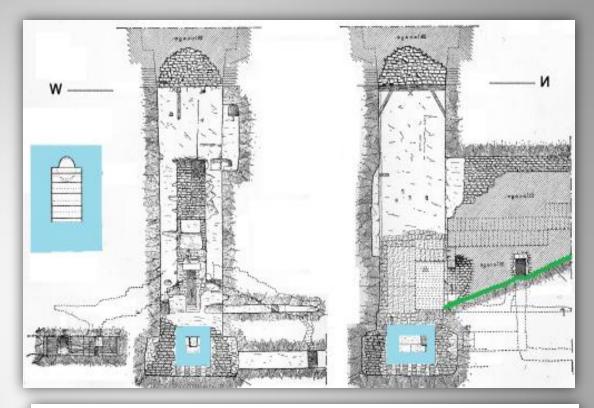




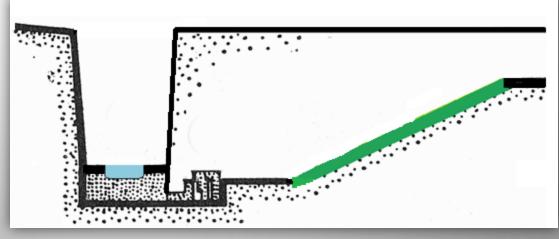
ARCHITECTURAL CORRIDORS AND CHAMBERS OF LIMESTONE AND MOST PROBABLY A TRADITIONSL SARCOPHGAS

FILLING SHAFTS









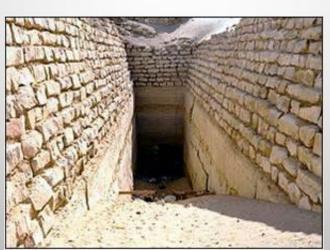
DESCENDING STAIRWAYS TO SUBTERRANEAN HYPOGIA



STEP PYRAMID NORTH



SOUTH TOMB



SEKHEMKHET



K1 EAST SIDE

FILLING DESCENDING STAIRWAYS







Κ1

A SACRED HILLSIDE BUILDING AT NORTH WEST SAQQARA

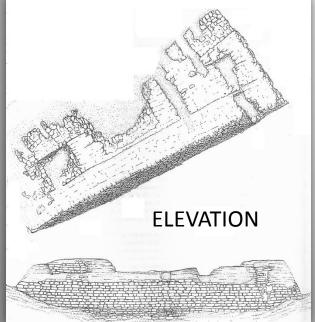


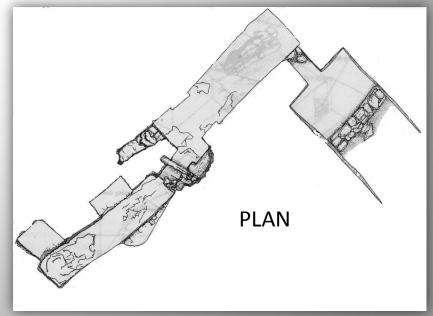
NOZOMU KAWAI



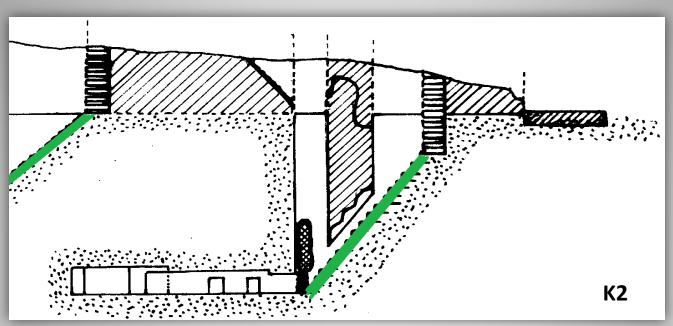


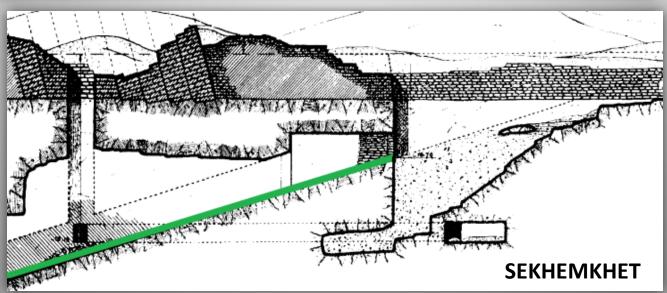
SAKUJI YOSHIMURA





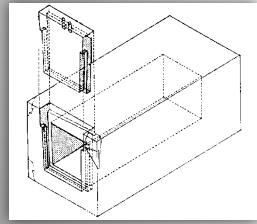
INDEPENDENT SUBSTRUCTURES

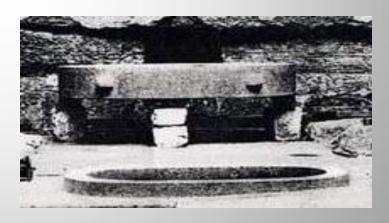




ROYAL SARCOPHAGI HAD NOT REACHED THE CONVENTIONAL SHAPE DURING: NETJERYKHET, SEKHEMKHET AND NEBKARA

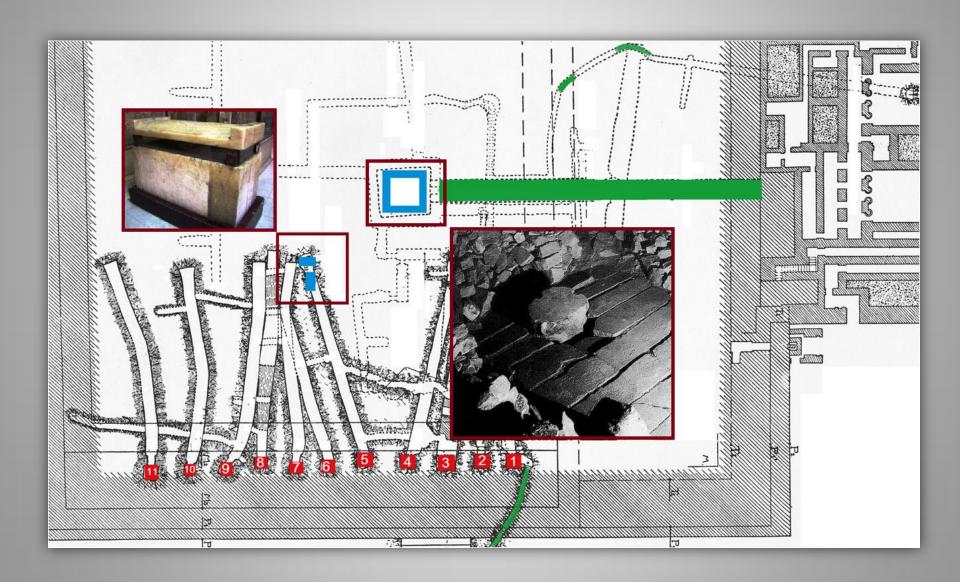




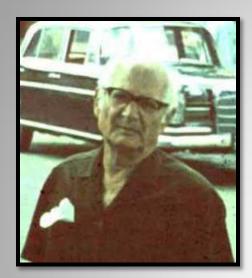


NO SARCOPAGI WERE FOUND BETWEEN NEBKARA AND KHUFU

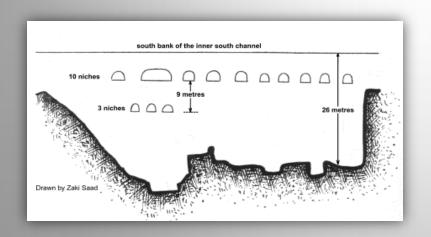
PUZZELING ARE 2 SARCOPHAGI AT THE CORRIDOR OF SHAFT # 5 THEY ARE SIMILAR TO ONE FOUND AT DAHSHUR



THE NICHES OF ZAKI SAAD OVER WEST COMPARTMENTTHE



ZAKI SAAD





WALLS BUILT ALONG CORRIDORS



SHAFT OF THE SOUTH TOMB

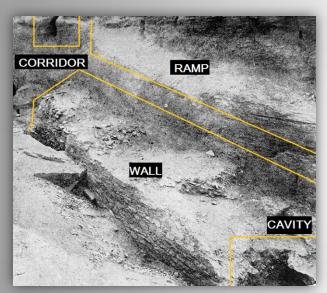


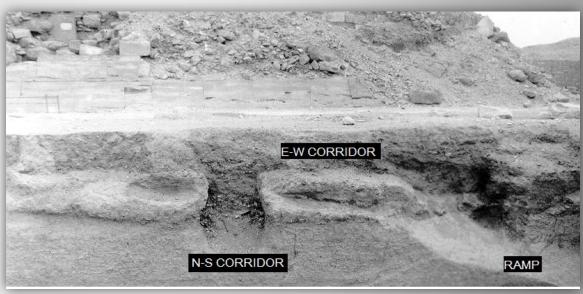
WEST AREA OF THE DRY MOAT



SEKHEMKHET

UNIDNTIFIED SUBSTRUCTURE OF A DEMOLISHEF TOMB: THE SUBSTRUCTURE CUT THROUGH BY THE DRY MOAT THE SUPERSTRUCTURE REMOVED FOR THE PYRAMID OF UNAS





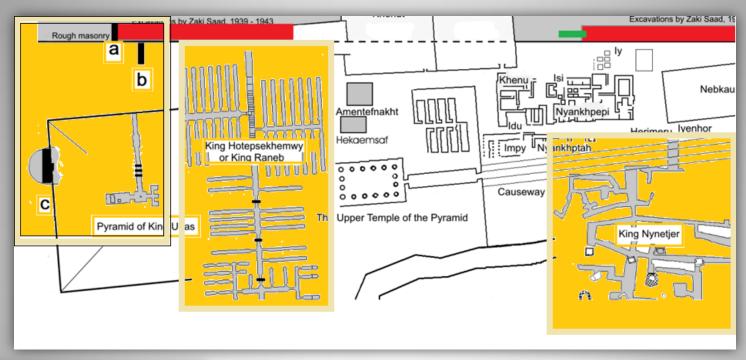




WEST COMPARTMENT BREAKS INTO A CORRIDOR

PIT FILLED FOR PYRAMID FOUNDATION

ROYAL TOMBS OF THE SECOND DYNASTY

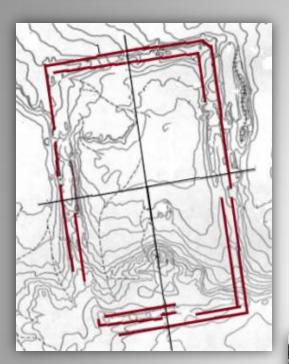




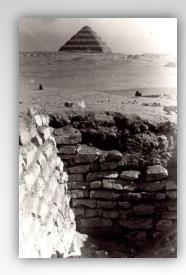




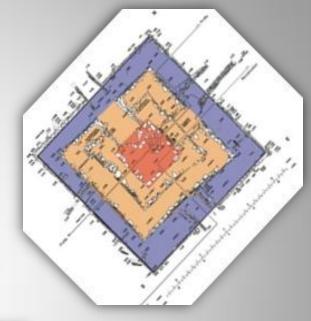
WITHOUT SUBSTRUCTURES: GISR EL MODIR AND THE MINOR STEP PYRAMIDS



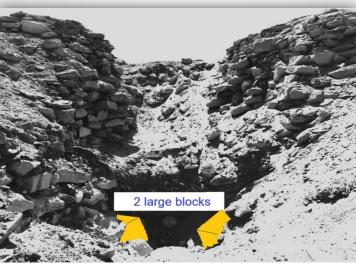
GISR EL MODIR



GISR EL MODIR

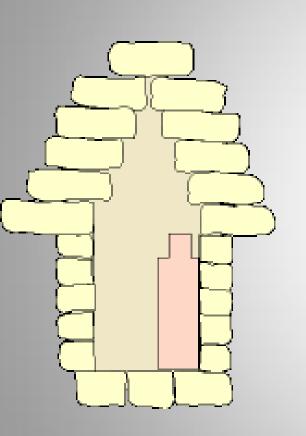


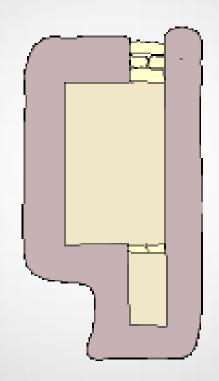
SINKI

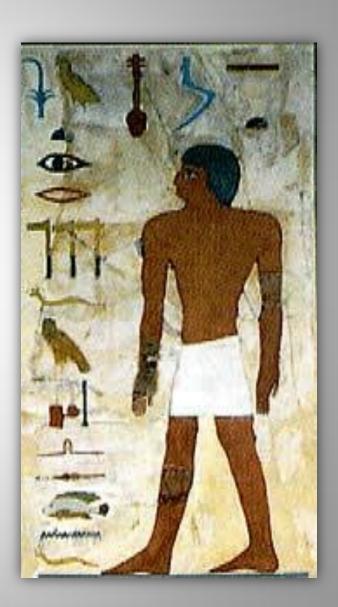


SEILA

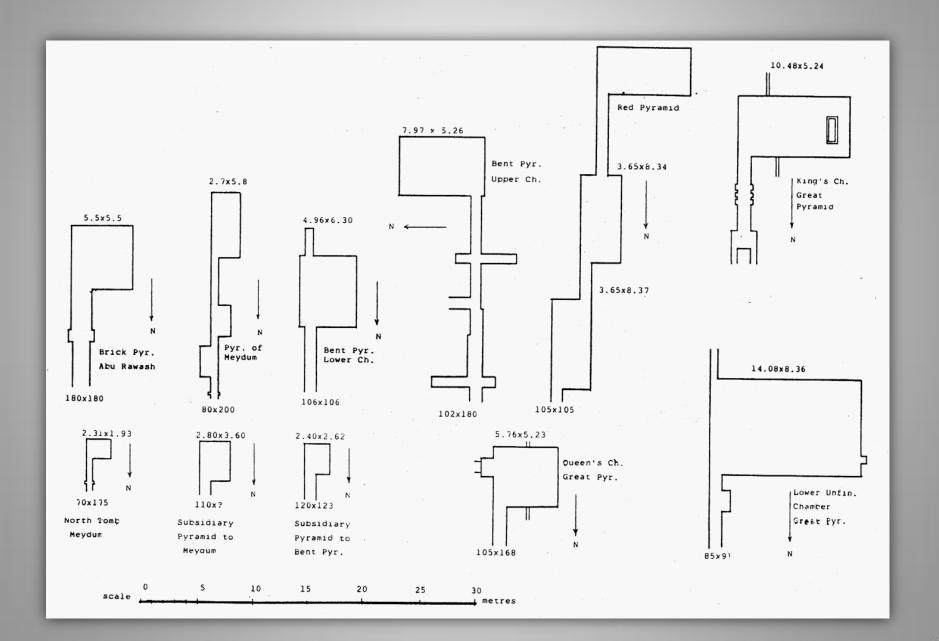
NEFERMAAT CORBELLED ROOFS







NEFERMAAT CHAMBER DESIGN



THE PYRAMID OF MEIDUM



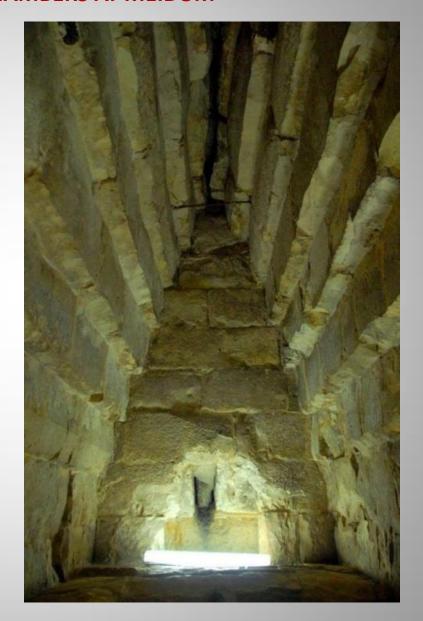


CORRIDORS AND CHAMBERS AT MEIDUM

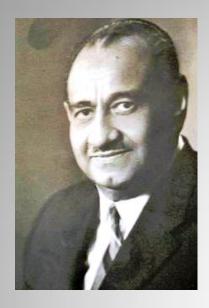




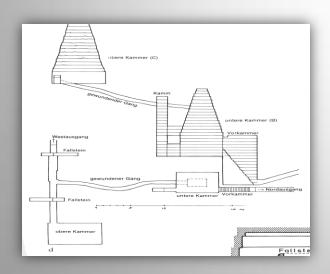


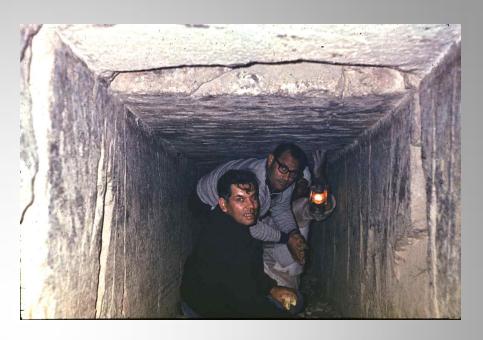


THE BENT PYRAMID



AHMED FAKHRY

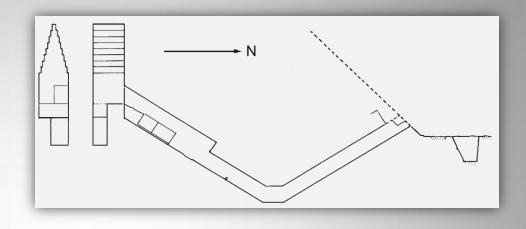




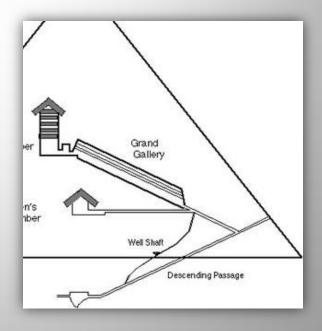


ASSENDING CORRIDORS AT THE BENT SUBSIDIARY AND KHUFU

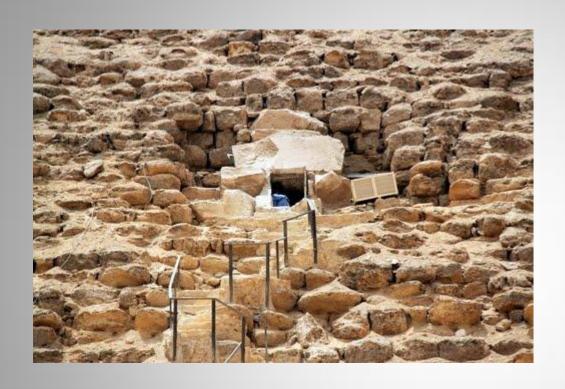








THE RED PYRAMID

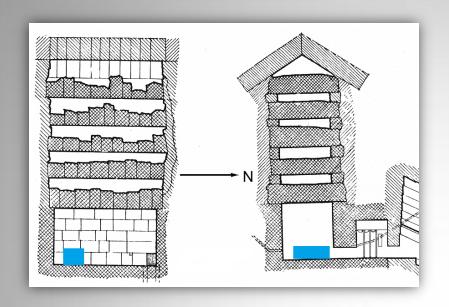


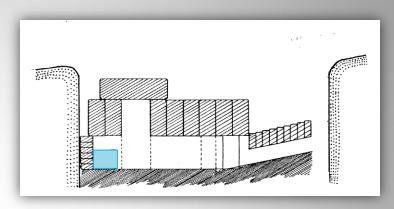






FLAT ROOFS APPEAR WITH CORBELLED AND GABLE ROOFS







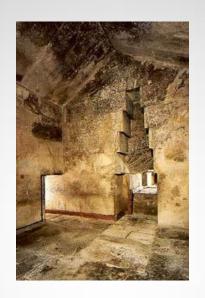


HEMIUNU THE CONTRACTOR OF THE GABLE ROOF



THE GREAT PYRAMID WHERE TUNNELLING, ARCHITECTURS, CORBELLED, FLAT AND GABLE MEET

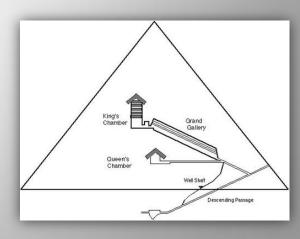




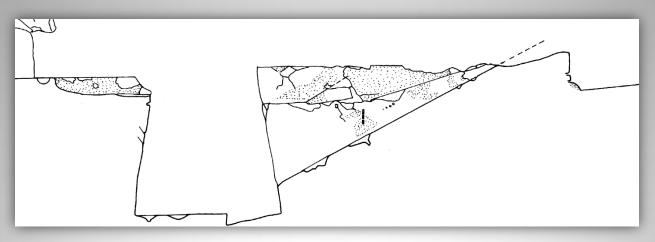


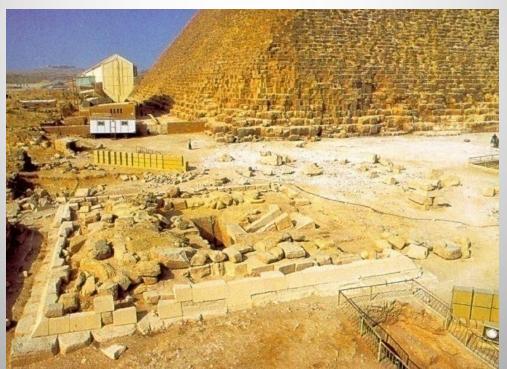






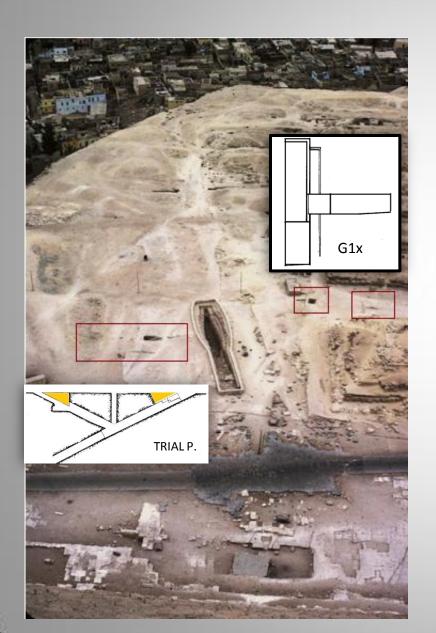
G₁d



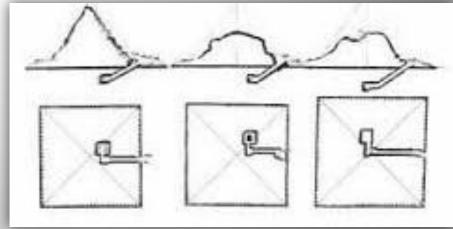


PREPEARED FOR A CORBELLED ROOF CHAMBER?

EAST OF KHUFU

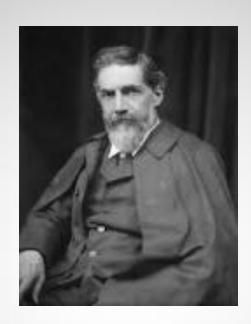




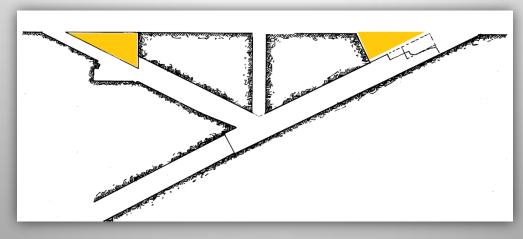


PETRIE'S TRIAL PASSAGES









BOAT PITS REAPPEAR WITH KHUFU





AHMED YOUSSEF









EPITOME

ANCIENT ACHIEVEMENTS

PITS

Were dug, lined with bricks and roofed with wood, matting and rubble.

TUNNELS

- 1. Were a success, with horizontal corridors; and vertical shafts?
- 2. Roofs collapsed over descending ramps and stairways.
- 3. Substructures began simple, expanded, shrank and partly disused at the end.

CONSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Stone blocks roofed narrow width areas.
- 2. Columns broadened stone roofs areas at the superstructures.
- 3. Corbel, flat and gable methods roofed broader areas without columns.

RESEARCH RESULTS

- 1. The greater part beneath the Temenos Area (5 km) was not investigated.
- 2. Geophysical identification of more tunnels was not verified.
- 3. The Dry Moat is 3.5 km; only 0.300 km was partly investigated.

FACTS REVILED

- 1. Ancient contractors of the Dry Moat crushed through, two, earlier hypogeum.
- 2. The beginning of a descending stairway, a narrowing wall and niches for hitching platform beams at two levels.